



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS.

UNITED STATES.

Special Notice.

An addressed penalty postal card (requiring no stamp) for return to the Surgeon-General will be inclosed with the first number of the PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS in the months of April and October. You are requested to sign and mail this card as soon as possible after receipt. Failure to do so will be taken by the Bureau as an indication that you no longer desire to receive the PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS.

[Reports to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.]

Summary of work in Chinatown, San Francisco, for the week ended September 17, 1904.

The following is received from Passed Assistant Surgeon Blue, under date of September 19:

Week ended September 17.

Buildings reinspected	253
Rooms	2, 022
Persons inspected	2, 695
Sick	22
Sick prescribed for at Oriental Dispensary	18
Dead examined	7
Necropsies	5
Rats examined bacteriologically	36
Number showing pest infection	0
Places limed and disinfected	854
Blocks covered with rat poison	11
Times streets swept	3
Sewers flushed	17
Notices sent to abate plumbing nuisance	6
Abated	3
Undergoing abatement	16
Total number plumbing inspections	104

Disinfection for tuberculosis on steamship George W. Elder at San Francisco.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Stimpson reports, September 10, as follows:

Quarters previously occupied by a patient suffering with tuberculosis on the steamship *George W. Elder* were disinfected August 19, in accordance with Department Circular No. 16, dated February 11, 1902.

Transactions on account of smallpox in northern Maine, Canadian border.—Report of sanitary work in the Madawaska region.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Hammond reports, through Surgeon Kalloch, as follows:

Week ended September 10, 1904. Number of cases of smallpox

under observation, 1; of those previously reported, 0; new cases, 1; number of houses quarantined, 1; number of houses fumigated, 2; persons vaccinated, 1; miles of territory covered, 45.

Transactions on account of yellow fever at Laredo, Tex.—Conditions at Corpus Christi—Malarial fever.

Acting Assistant Surgeon MacGregor reports, September 12, through Passed Assistant Surgeon Richardson, as follows:

No new transactions at this point. It has rained all day. There is considerable malarial fever still prevailing, many cases of distinct tertian and quartan type; a few continued.

The weather has not permitted much sanitary inspection. Mayor Segrest has promised to go over the town with me as soon as the weather permits.

I do not learn of anything new from inquiry of points along the line.

Conditions at Rio Grande City—Inspection at ferry—Measles and continued fever.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Dashiell reports, September 10, through Passed Assistant Surgeon Richardson, as follows:

Transactions for week ended September 9, 1904:

The sanitary inspector, appointed by authority, went to work on the 8th instant, and on this date and the 9th inspected 158 premises and 201 barrels, of which 11 were breeding mosquitoes and were oiled. Seven cisterns were inspected, two of which are properly screened and provided with pumps, while the others were well oiled, as an incentive to the owners to put in pumps and screens.

Twenty-seven persons were inspected at the ferry, all from the immediate vicinity. The travel for the past week was very limited on account of a rise in the river rendering crossing dangerous.

Inspection reveals a new case of measles. I am now investigating two cases of supposed continued fever. These are attended by regular physicians, but are in the hands of an "herb doctor." I find that such cases are always concealed.

Report from San Antonio—Work of sanitary department—Mortality.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Purnell reports, September 15, as follows:

Month of August, 1904. Premises inspected, 14,008; barrels screened by city, 42; cisterns filled, 14; wells filled, 9; cesspools filled, 13; sewer connections made, 45; houses fumigated, 24; rooms fumigated, 105; cellars fumigated, 3; wells fumigated, 5; cisterns fumigated, 7.

Mortality report for month of August, 1904.

Brain fever, 1; cancer, 1; croup, 1; enteric fever, 1; diphtheria, 2; malarial fever, 1; malignant pustule, 1; osteo-sarcoma, 1; pulmonary tuberculosis, 18; remittent fever, 1; enteric fever, 1; apoplexy, 1; acute mania, 1; convulsions, 1; paralysis, 1; tremulencia (?), 1; tubercular meningitis, 1; tetanus, 1; spinal meningitis, 2; meningitis, 1; bronchitis, 2; laryngitis, 1; oedema of lungs, 1; pulmonary hemorrhage, 1; pneumonia, 2; Bright's disease, 2; cancer uterus, 1; cystitis, 1; diabetes, 1; nephritis, 1; pyo-salpinx, 1; endocarditis, 1; paralysis of heart, 1; venous obstruction, 1; puerperal fever, 1; puerperal peritonitis, 1; cancer rectum, 1; cholera infantum, 2; cirrhosis of liver, 3;